

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A film making method comprising:

forming an a liquid crystal polymer evaporant deposited and solidified on a substrate,
the evaporant being formed by irradiating a thermotropic liquid crystal polymer capable of
exhibiting an optical anisotropy and having a melting point of 250 °C to 350 °C with a pulsed
laser to evaporate the liquid crystal polymer, and

depositing and solidifying the evaporant on a surface to form a film of the
thermotropic liquid crystal polymer on the surface.

2. (Currently Amended) A film formed by the method of Claim 1 irradiating a liquid
crystal polymer capable of exhibiting an optical anisotropy with pulsed laser to deposit and
solidify a resultant evaporant on a substrate.

3. (Currently Amended) A laminate comprising a the film, as recited in Claim 2, on a
substrate surface.

4. (Currently Amended) An electronic device comprising a the film, as recited in
Claim 2, as a protective film.

5. (Original) The electronic device as claimed in Claim 4, wherein the electronic
device is an organic electroluminescent element.

6. (Original) The electronic device as claimed in Claim 4, wherein the electronic device is an organic field-effect transistor element.

7. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein said surface is a surface of an electronic device.

8. (New) The method as claimed in Claim 7, wherein the electronic device is an organic electroluminescent element.

9. (New) The method as claimed in Claim 7, wherein the electronic device is an organic field-effect transistor element.

10. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the thickness of the film of the thermotropic liquid crystal polymer on the surface is less than 1 μm .

11. (New) The method of claim 10, wherein the thickness of the film of the thermotropic liquid crystal polymer on the surface is not less than 30 nm.

12. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the thermotropic liquid crystal polymer irradiated with a pulsed laser is in the form of a film, and is irradiated at a wavelength of 200 - 1200 nm with a pulsed laser that generates energies within the range of 0.1 to 3.0 J/cm².

13. (New) The method of claim 11, wherein the thermotropic liquid crystal polymer irradiated with a pulsed laser is in the form of a film, and is irradiated at a wavelength of 200 - 1200 nm with a pulsed laser that generates energies within the range of 0.1 to 3.0 J/cm².